MADDUR MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 28th July 1928.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Maddur Municipal Council under section 48 (1) w. of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, and are published for the information of the public. Any resident within the area of the Maddur Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws, should communicate the same to the President, Maddur Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

SECTION 48 (1) w.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration.

1. Whoever without the permission of the President in writing destroys any tree, plucks any fruit or flower or damages any Municipal property within the Municipal limits will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same with a compound wall or fence of such material as the President may approve of and keep it clean within one month after a notice has been served on him shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any person who vends or hawks meat of any kind or fish in the streets or shops so as to be a nuisance shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

4. Whoever chops fire-wood on any public street or road so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause danger or inconvenience to the public shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

5. (*a*) No person shall allow any cart or vehicle with or without animals to stand on the public street or road for more than the time required to unload the contents thereof, so as to cause obstruction or inconvenience to the public traffic. Any violation of the above bye-law will render the offender, on conviction before a Magistrate, liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*b*) whoever allows cows, bullocks, asses, goats, ponies, etc., astray in public roads without having a perfect control over them is liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for each of the first and subsequent offences in addition to the animals being impounded.

6. Any dog found straying in public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless, may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President in that behalf.

7. All carts and conveyances shall be compelled to keep to their left side of the road to enable carriages to meet and pass on the right side. Any one who infringes this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

8. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps between the hours of 7 P. M. and 5 A.M. Any infringement of this bye-law will render the owner as well as the driver liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

9. Whoever rides any bicycle or motor bicycle or drives a motor car or bus on the public road, without easily controllable brakes and bell or horn and with a speed more than seven miles an hour shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

10. Any person who deposits any goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct, or other lands rested in the Municipal Council without the written permission of the President or Vice-President shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5.

Dated 30th May 1928.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Maddur Municipal Council under sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 and are published for the information of the public. Any resident within the area of the Maddur Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Maddur Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification :—

Section 48 (1) P. Bye-laws regulating buildings and other structures.

1. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, any building within the limits of Maddur Municipality, shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

2. Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of land in duplicate on which the structure is proposed to be built together with details of the position and the area to be occupied by the structure, the position of the line or frontage with reference to the adjacent side drain of the road which the building faces, and the boundaries of the site. The license and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal Authorities.

3. No pits shall be excavated in the site allotted for building dwelling houses.

4. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, prickly-pear or other objectionable plants or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

5. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than five feet from the side drain.

6. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and a half above the ground level.

7. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient sub-structure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stepped or jagged to receive the first course of masonry. The minimun height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than eight feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

8. The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows and water-spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

9. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road and sholud be easily removeable for cleaning the drains.

Construction of Privies or Latrines.

10. Every place other than a water-closet or bath-room situated within any house building or enclosure and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta, shall be considered to be privy or latriue within the meaning of this bye-law.

11. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chatrams, agraharams, and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

12. A person who shall construct a new privy whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the President or Vice-President.

13. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 200, on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, section 96 (5).

Re. *Pendals and other Temporary Structures.*

1. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, lane or public thoroughfare or in any place or in front of buildings so as to encroach on Municipal drain or roads within the Municipal limits, without the written permission of the President or Vice-President; on receipt of application for permission to put up such structure, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President or Vice-President, if they see no objections thereto, on such conditions as they may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
For a marriage Pendal ...	... 1	0	0	
For other Pendals or structures ...	... 0	8	0	
For temporary projection in front of buildings	0	1	0	per Sq. foot per year.

2. No pendal shall occupy more than one-third of the breadth of the road.

3. No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of half of the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*a*) If at the expiration of time allowed in the license or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President shall issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by them in each case, at the end of which time they may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a muncipal demand. Any person who commits any breach of any of the above bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offences :—

Re. *erection of Pendals on Vacant Lands either public or private within the Municipal Limits for Dramas, Circus and other Public Entertainments.*

Licenses for the erection of pendals for public entertainments such as drama, circus, etc., may be given by the President or Vice-President, in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions :—After charging Rs. 5 as license fees if it is for less than a fortnight Rs. 10 if it is more than a fortnight but less than a month with an additional fee of Rs. 10 for every additional month or part of a month.

1. The structure shall not be less than twelve feet high at every point.

2. That doorways each at least seven feet high and four feet broad be provided at intervals of not more than twenty feet along the sides of the structure, so that no portion of a side exceeding twenty feet may be left without a door.

3. The curtains and chicks may be employed to cover the doorways but nothing of a nature to bar free egress.

4. That no rotten cloth be used in construction of such structure.

5. That cross beams or rafters of the roof of such structure shall not be tied together with rope of other combustible materials.

6. The globes chandeliers, etc., in such structure shall be suspended by iron rods and not by ropes.

7. That such iron rods shall extend not less than four feet from the ceiling and shall not be draped with cloth.

8. That all lights and chandeliers shall be at a distance of not less than two feet from the side walls of such structure.

9. That the permit holder shall keep outside each such structure four large sized casks and ten chatties constantly filled with water.

10. That no cooking shall be allowed within any such structure unless the cooking place be surrounded by a bamboo making six feet high plastered over with a thick of mud.

NOTE.—This bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara, Moharram or other public purposes.

5. The license holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produce when required by the President or Vice-President or any municipal officer, authorised by the President or Vice-President for inspection.

6. A ground rent of Rs. two per day will be charged from the beginning to the end of drama, circus or any other entertainment, in addition to license fee, if the vacant site occupied belongs to the Municipality.

7. No license shall be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighburhood.

8. The President or Vice-President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre whenever they deem necessary in the interests of convenience and safety of the public generally, or of the person inhabiting in or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license, or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

9. Every person who shall commit any breach of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 100, on conviction before a Magistrate.

M. NARASIMHA MURTY,
For *President.*

HASSAN DISTIRCT.

Notification No. C. 579—26, *dated* 27*th July* 1928.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, it is hereby notified for general information that the following gentleman is declared elected as chairman of the Village Panchayet noted against him during the term of the present constitution of the village panchayet concerned.

Name of Panchayet.	*Name of Member or Chairman.*
Ambuga, Hassan Taluk ...	... Mr. Desikachar, Shanbhog *vice* Mr. Shadagopalachar resigned.

Notification No. C. 579-26, *dated* 30*th July* 1928.

Under Section, 7 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, it is hereby notified for general information that the following gentleman is declared elected as member of the Village Panchayet noted against him, during the term of the present constitution of the Village Panchayet concerned.

Name of Panchayet.	*Name of Member.*
Gejjiganahalli, Hole-Narasipur Taluk ...	... Mr. Krishnappa, son of Mr. Channappaiya, *vice* Mr. Rajegowda, deceased.